

Europe as a Political Idea and Entity

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**In Varietate
Concordia**

1. EU General Description :

- Before taking the name of EU this union had so many different names:
European Coal and Steel Community, European Economic Community.
- The EU is a body of agreements. It contains various kind of treaties.
Treaty of Rome, Maasstricht Treaty, Lisbon Treaty
- Since years go by many new members joined EU while at the same time integration of economic, cultural, judicial and so forth would then deepen the relationships distinct European entity.

1. EU General Description :

- The European Union (EU) is a political and economic union starts with 6 and becomes of 28 member states that are located primarily in Europe.
- The EU has developed an internal single market through a standardised system of laws that apply in all member states.
- Union is innovator and reformist so many subjects like Euro Zone, Free Movement of People and Monetary Union.

2. EU Political Description :

- European Commission, the European Parliament, the European Summit and the Council of Europe
- The European Union's policy generally carried out in the framework of the tasks and responsibilities are defined as three columns.
- economic, social and environmental issues.
- external Affairs and security policy
- Cooperation in the field of security forces and justice

European community

- ❖ customs union
- ❖ Common Agricultural Policy
- ❖ EU competition law
- ❖ Economic and monetary union
- ❖ EU citizenship
- ❖ Consumer rights
- ❖ Asylum policy
- ❖ Schengen Agreement
- ❖ Immigration policy

common foreign and security policy

- ❑ human rights
- ❑ Democracy
- ❑ External help
- ❑ Common Security and Defense Policy
- ❑ peacekeeping policy

Cooperation in the field of security and justice

- Drug and arms smuggling
- counter-terrorism policy
- Human trafficking
- Organized crime
- Bribery and fraud

3. Founder Nations Situation Before EU:

GDP	1958	1980	2012
FRANCE	\$62.65 billion 4 th	\$690.32 billion	\$2.61 trillion 6 th
GERMANY	\$208.87 billion 4 th	\$919.61 billion	\$3.40 trillion 5 th
ITALY	\$40.39 billion th	\$459.83 billion	\$2.01 trillion th
BELGIUM	\$12.28 billion 16 th.	\$125.29 billion	\$483.71 billion th.
NETHERLANDS	\$12.28 billion 14 th	\$180.77 billion	\$772.23 billion 19 th
LUXEMBOURG	\$703.93 million 56 th	\$5.97 billion	\$57.12 billion 67 th

4. Founder Nations Situations After EU:

EU	1960	1980	2012
GDP	\$366.62 billion 2nd	\$3.81 trillion 1st	\$16.63 trillion 1 st
GDP per capita	\$895.65 21 st	\$8,217.15 31 st	\$32,676.48 25 th
GDP per person	904.25 20 th	8,298.34 29 th	-

- As we can see European countries are strong but when they become all together they are even more strong than before.
- On the other hand it's proves that political topics directly effects the economic issues.

5. EU - Greece Relationship :

- Greece entered EU in 1 January 1981.
- On that time 1981, Greece was the only poor country who joins the “Rich Countries Club”
- Greece is the ancestor of democratic idea of the Europe.
- EU legislations changed the Greeks economic and legal sense.
- Time to time Greece – EU relationship can become tensed. At the end of the day Greece provide the main idea of becoming a union at the first place.

The role of the EU in peace

70 years of peace

European people
want european
unity for peace

The 2012 Nobel
Peace Prize

7. EU - Turkey Relationship:

- Turkey is a European – Middle East located country.
- Geopolitic location of Turkey makes the country very important for Europe and the World.
- Related to culture and traditions Turkey isn't a ordinary European country or Middle East one.
- Turkey is inside the EU's Custom and Tariff's agreement.
- According to IMF 2016 data Turkey economically 6th biggest in Europe and 18th biggest one in the World.
- Turkey's EU journey starts at 1959 and still continues.

8. Erasmus+ Programme and Contributions to Entity :

How affect students?

- Erasmus+ Programme helps young peoples to open their horizons and help to build their professional career. They became openminded, more tolerant and open to other cultures, became people who has a cosmopolitan view on the world, they became more global, some of them wants to stay abroad to work and develop languages.
- Its opportunity to get to know other culture, make new interesting acquaintances and increase knowledge about the world.
- Programm supports young students to study abroad with the foreign scholarship. Its important, because not everybody is able to have a chance to study in different country
- Also employers will appreciate efforts and it will result in an interesting post with the prospects of development



Thanks for listening 😊